# **Mammal Images Library Committee**

**Committee Members:** B. Blood, K. M. Everson, E. J. Finck (Business Manager), C. P. Groves, L. Hall, L. E. Harding, D. G. Huckaby (Chair), B. Huffman, L. L. Master, J. Ryan, J. S. Scheibe, B. P. Tanis, B. M. Zinke.

## **Mission:**

The American Society of Mammalogists first established the Mammal Slide Library in 1977 to provide low-cost slides of mammals principally for educational purposes. The name change to Mammal Images Library (MIL, ca. 2000) reflected the changes in ways that images of mammals are now stored and accessed, as digital images rather than as 35 mm slides. The Mammal Images Library is a nonprofit educational program of the American Society of Mammalogists with the goal of providing images of mammals for use in education worldwide. At the start of 2015 the library contained 2691 digital images representing 28 of 29 mammalian orders, 136 of 154 families, and 1256 of 5500+ species recognized in Wilson and Reeder (2005) and more recent authorities. The images also represent all continents. Images from the library have been used in more than 110,000 instances in 50+ countries. In addition to optical projection for nonprofit instruction, many of the images may be employed (with permission) for other purposes, including commercial uses.

## **Information Items:**

(1) The primary focus of the MIL Committee remains making images available to individual users and organizations. The table below compares the number of images sent and other information for the past eleven years. The numbers of images sent do not include those low-resolution images downloaded directly from the library on the ASM website, of which we have no record.

(2) The MIL collection consists both of images digitized from 35 mm slides (at a resolution of 4000 dpi) and those taken originally as digital images of various resolutions. A lower-resolution preview of each image of generally 660 x 440 pixels, suitable for some projection or web use, is available on the MIL web page (http://www.mammalogy.org/image-library) free of charge and without requiring permission. A copy of the higher resolution image, with or without the label (layer), is available upon request for most of the library. We usually charge a royalty fee of \$50 each for commercial usage but normally only a handling fee of \$5 for each high resolution image sent for non-commercial purposes.

(3) We added 689 new images to the MIL collection during 2015. Among these are 3 families, 27 genera, and 99 species new to the collection (see page 3). In addition, we recognized some new taxa and lumped others, which brings the respective totals to 140, 694, and 1409. These images include two genera and two species described new since Wilson and Reeder (2005).

(4) Starting in 2012, we have provided mammal image postings on Mondays and Thursdays for

ASM's Facebook, Google+, and Twitter (search for #MondayMammal and #MammalTrivia on our social media accounts).

(5) Since near the end of 2010, the taxonomy and nomenclature used in the library followed Wilson and Reeder, 2005, *Mammal Species of the* World, with more recent revisions mentioned as part of the description of the image. During 2014, the Committee decided to bring the taxonomy and nomenclature of the library up to date, following more recent revisions. Although making these changes will remain on-going, by the middle of 2015 all orders had been updated. Because most of the newer taxonomy consists of recognizing families, genera, and species formerly synonymized, these changes resulted in increasing the count of these taxa in the collection without actually adding new images.

(6) At the end of 2015, the MIL collection lacked images of one order, 15 families, and ca. 75% of the 5500+ species (pages 4-8 below) recognized in Wilson and Reeder (2005) or later authorities. We encourage all interested parties to consider contributing their high-quality images to the MIL. Please review our holdings on the MIL web page (http://www.mammalogy.org/committees/mammal-images-library#tab3) to determine if some images from your personal collection could improve the scope and quality of the collection. Anyone interested in submitting images should contact the Committee Chair.

(7) During 2015, James Ryan joined the Committee, and Matt Hopton, Ipek Kulahci, and Al Lackey left the Committee.

(8) Since its inception, this Committee operated somewhat independently from the ASM Board of Directors, with a separate bank account. During 2015, the Committee decided that it should operate as do other committees. Accordingly, we closed the account and the business office effective at the end of 2015 and transferred all remaining funds to the Society. That is why the account balance below shows a zero amount, even though we had net income. Signed copies of the final business report were sent to the ASM Treasurer. Future expenditures will be authorized by the Board of Directors. The Committee thanks J. A. Lackey and State University of New York, Oswego from 1977 to 1986, D. Moore and Emporia State University from 1986 to 2001, and E. J. Finck and Fort Hays State University from 2001 through 2015 for supporting the Business Office of the Mammal Images Library Committee and for funding student labor support.

Year	Images	Gross	Expenses	Net	End of
	Sent	Income		Income	year
					account
					balance
2004	322	3045.40	2538.14	321.51	15,251.28
2005	183	566.65	1352.13	-785.48	14,465.80
2006	82	710.00	5975.59	-5265.59	9,200.21
2007	86	0.00	2693.31	-2693.31	6,506.90
2008	16	1280.00	1368.13	-88.13	6,418.77
2009	31	1503.05	25.00	1478.05	7,896.82

2010	18	469.00	0.00	469.00	8,365.82
2011	30	159.00	1399.91	-1240.91	7124.91
2012	19	108.00	239.36	-131.36	593.55
2013	26	110.00	235.00	-125.00	468.55
2014	91	969.55	702.53	267.02	735.57
2015	70	113.04	0.00	113.04	0.00

### TAXA ADDED TO THE MIL DURING 2015

Those with an asterisk were named new or newly recognized since Wilson and Reeder (2005)

#### Families

1. 2.	Platacanthomyidae Pseudocheiridae	3.	Thylacinidae	
		Genera		
1.	Aepyprymnus	15.	Nectogale	
2.	Arctocebus	16.	Pantholops	
3.	Blarinella	17.	Parascaptor	
4.	Brachylagus	18.	Perameles	
5.	Chimarrogale	19.	Phaner	
6.	Eospalax	20.	Procapra	
7.	Episoriculus	21.	Pseudochirops	
8.	Euoticus	22.	Scapanulus	
9.	Hemibelideus	23.	Scaptonyx	
10.	Hyorhin om ys*	24.	Sciurocheirus	
11.	Lagorchestes	25.	Tarsius (s.s.)	
12.	Lutra	26.	Typhlomys	
13.	Mirza	27.	Waiomys*	
14.	Moschiola			

### Species

- 1. Aepyceros petersi
- 2. Aepyprymnus rufescens
- 3. Alcelaphus lelwel
- 4. 5. Alcelaphus swaynei
- Allochrocebus lhoesti
- 6. Arctocebus calabarensis 7. Axis ann amiticus
- 8. Blarinella griselda
- 9. Bos mutus
- 10. Brachylagus i dahoensis
- 11. Camelus ferus
- 12. Capra ibex
- 13. Cercocebus agilis
- Cercopithecus albogularis 14.
- 15. Cercopithecus denti
- Cercopithecus kandti 16.
- 17. Cercopithecus nictitans
- Cervus equinus 18.
- 19. Chimarrogale himalayica
- 20. Chlorocebus aethiops
- 21. Chloroce bus djamdjamensis
- 22. Dama dama
- Eospalax fontanierii 23.

- 24. Episori culus macrurus
- 25. Eulemur rufus
- 26. Eulemur sanfordi
- 27. Euoticus elegantulus
- 28. Gazella yarkandensis
- 29. Hapalemur aureus
- 30. Hemibelideus le muroides
- 31. Hylobates moloch
- Hylobates muelleri 32.
- 33. Hyorhinomys stuempkei\*
- 34. Lagorchestes conspicillatus
- 35. Lasiorhinus kreff tii
- Le pilemur ankaranensis 36.
- 37. Lepilemurruficaudatus
- 38. Lepilemur septentrionalis
- 39. Lycalopex griseus
- 40. Lycalopex gymnocercus
- Loris tardigradus 41.
- 42. Macaca hecki
- 43. Macaca leonina
- 44. Macaca radiata
- 45. Macaca sinica
- 46. Macaca thibetana

- Madoqua damarensis 47.
- 48. Marmota broweri 49.
- Lutra lutra
- 50. Microcebus berthae 51.
- Microcebus griseorufus 52. Microcebus tavaratra
- 53. Mirza coquereli
- 54. Moschiola meminna
- 55. Munfiacus feae
- 56.
- Nectogale elegans 57. Ochotona curzoniae
- 58.
- Oreotragus aureus 59. Oreotragus saltatrixoides
- 60. Ourebia montana Ovis vignei
- 61.
- 62. Pantholops hodgsonii
- 63. Parascaptor leucura
- Perameles nasuta 64.
- 65. Petrogale mareeba
- Phaner pallescens 66.
- 67. Piliocolobus tephrosceles
- 68. Planigale ingrami
- 69. Presbytis hosei
- 70. Presbytis rubic unda
- 71. Procapra picticaudata
- Procapra przewalskii 72.
- 73. Propithecus edwardsi

- 74. Pseudochirops archeri
- 75. Raphicerus colonicus
- 76. Rupicapra ornata
- 77. Saimiri macrodon
- 78. Sapajus macrocephalus
- 79. Scapanulus oweni
- 80. Scaptonyx fusicaudus
- 81. Sciurocheirus alleni
- 82. Semnopithecus hypoleucos
- 83. Semnopithecus johnii
- 84. Semnopithecus priam
- 85. Sorex bedfordiae
- 86. Sorex thibetanus
- 87. Sus celebensis
- 88. Sus vittatus
- 89. Tarsius sp. nov 90.
- Thylacinus cynocephalus
- 91. Thylogale stigmatica
- 92. Trachypithecus barbei
- 93. Trachypithecus mauritius
- 94. Trachypithecus obscurus 95.
- Trachypithecus phayrei
- 96. Tragelaphus meneliki
- 97. Typhlomys cinereus
- 98. Tragulus napu
- 99. Walomys mamasae\*

### DESIDERATA LIST, 31 December 2015

### MAMMAL IMAGES LIBRARY

### AMERICAN SOCIETY OF MAMMALOGISTS

#### The following taxa are not represented in the library.

### Order

Notaryctemorphia: 1 family, 1 genus, 2 species: Notaryctes caurinus & typhlops, marsupial moles

#### Families not in that order

The MIL does not have images of any genera in these families:

- Calomyscidae (Rodentia): formerly in Muridae or Cricetidae (hamsters): Calomyscus, mouse-like hamsters
- Chaeropodidae (Marsupialia: Peramelemorphia): Chaeropus ecaudatus, Pig-footed Bandicoot
- Cistugidae (Chiroptera): formerly in Vespertilionidae: Cistugo, wing-gland bats
- Diatomyidae (Rodentia): Laonastes aenigmamus, Laotian Rock-rat or Kha-nyou
- Iniidae (Cetacea): Inia, Amazon river dolphins
- Lipotidae (Cetacea): Lipotes vexillifer, Baiji
- Myzopodidae (Chiroptera): Myzopoda aurita, Sucker-footed Bat
- 8. Neobalaenidae (Cetacea): Caperea marginata, Pygmy Right Whale
- 9. Platanistidae (Cetacea): Platanista, Indian river dolphins
- 10. Pontoporiidae (Cetacea): Pontoporia blainvillei, Franciscana
- 11. Ptilocercidae (Scandentia): Ptilocercus Iowii, Pen-tailed Treeshrew
- 12. Rhinopomatidae (Chiroptera): Rhinopoma, mouse-tailed bats
- 13. Sicistidae (Rodentia): formerly in Dipodidae: Sicista, birch mice
- 14. Solenodontidae (Soricomorpha): solenodons
- 15. Thryonomyidae (Rodentia): Thryonomys, cane rats

#### Other Genera

Genera not in the order or families above and also not in either Rodentia or Chiroptera that are not represented in the MIL. If the genus has only one species, its name is given.

- 1. Allocebus trichotis (Primates: Cheirogaleidae), Hairy-eared Dwarf Lemur
- Ammodorcas clarkei (Artiodactyla: Bovidae), Dibatag (Clarke's Gazelle)
- 3. Anathana ellioti (Scandentia: Tupaiidae), Madras Treeshrew
- Anourosorex (Soricomorpha: Soricidae), mole shrews
- Arabitragus jayakari (Artiodactyla: Bovidae), Arabian Tahr
- Avahi (Primates: Indridae), woolly lemurs
- Bdeogale (Carnivora: Herpestidae), mongooses
- Berardius (Cetacea: Ziphiidae), beaked whales
- Brachyteles (Primates: Atelidae), muriquis
- 10. Burramys parvus (Diprotodontia: Burramyidae), Mountain Pygmy Possum
- 11. Calcochloris (Afrosoricida: Chrysochloridae), golden moles
- 12. Caloprymnus campestris (Diprotodontia: Potoroidae), Desert Rat-kangaroo
- 13. Caluromysiops irrupta (Didelphimorphia: Didelphidae), Black-shouldered Opossum
- 14. Calyptophractus retusus (Cingulata: Dasypodidae), Greater Fairy Armadillo
- 15. Caprolagus hispidus (Lagomorpha, Leporidae), Hispid Hare

- 16. Carl to syrichta (Primates, Tarsiidae), Philippine Tarsier
- 17. Carpitalpa arendsi (Afrosoricida: Chrysochloridae), Arend's Golden Mole
- 18. Chaetophractus (Cingulata: Dasypodidae), hairy armadillos
- 19. Chlorofalpa (Afrosoricida: Chrysochloridae), golden moles
- 20. Chodsigoa (Soricomorpha: Soricidae), shrews
- 21. Chrysochloris (Afrosoricida: Chrysochloridae), golden moles
- 22. Congosorex (Soricomorpha: Soricidae), Congo shrews
- 23. Cryptochloris (Afrosoricida: Chrysochloridae), golden moles
- 24. Cynocephalus volans (Dermoptera: Cynocephalidae), Philippine Flying Lemur
- 25. Cynogale bennettii (Carnivora: Viverridae), Otter Civet
- 26. Cystophora cristata (Carnivora: Phocidae), Hooded Seal
- 27. Dasycercus cristicauda (Dasyuromorpha: Dasyuridae), Mulgara
- 28. Dasykaluta rosamondae (Dasyuromorpha: Dasyuridae), Little Red Kaluta
- 29. Dendrogale (Scandentia: Tupalidae), smooth-tailed treeshrews
- 30. Desmana moschata (Soricomorpha: Erinaceidae), Desman
- 31. Diplogale hosei (Carnivora: Viverridae), Hose's Palm Civet
- 32. Diplomesodon pulchellum (Soricomorpha: Soricidae), Piebald Shrew
- 33. Distoechurus pennatus (Diprotodontia: Acrobatidae), Feather-tailed Possum
- 34. Dologale dybowskii (Carnivora: Herpestidae), Pousargues's Mongoose
- 35. Dorcopsis (Diprotodontia: Macropodidae), New Guinean forest wallables
- 36. Dorcopsulus (Diprotodontia: Macropodidae), New Guinean forest mountain wallables
- 37. Dusicyon australis (Carnivora: Canidae), Falkland Islands Wolf
- 38. Dymecodon pilrostris (Soricomorpha: Talpidae), True's Shrew Mole
- 39. Echymipera (Peramelemorphia: Peramelidae), New Guinean spiny bandicoots
- 40. Eremitalpa granti (Afrosoricida: Chrysochloridae), Grant's Golden Mole
- 41. Erinaceus (Erinaceomorpha: Erinaceidae), hedgehogs
- 42. Eupleres goudofii (Carnivora: Eupleridae), Falanouc
- 43. Euroscaptor (Soricomorpha: Talpidae), moles
- 44. Feresa attenuata (Cetacea: Delphinidae), Pygmy Killer Whale
- 45. Feroculus feroculus (Soricomorpha: Soricidae), Kelaart's Long-clawed Shrew
- 46. Fossa fossana (Carnivora : Eupleridae), Spotted Mongoose or Fanaloka
- 47. Galemys pyrenaicus (Soricomorpha: Talpidae), Pyrenean Desman
- 48. Galidictis (Carnivora Eupleridae), Malagasy mongooses or vontsiras
- 49. Geogale aurita (Afrisoricida: Tenrecidae), Large-eared Tenrec
- 50. Glironia venusta (Didelphimorphia: Didelphidae), Bushy-tailed Opossum
- 51. Histriophoca fasciata (Carnivora: Phocidae), Ribbon Seal
- 52. Hyladelphys kalinowskii (Didelphimorphia: Didelphidae), Kalinowski's Mouse Opossum
- 53. Hylomys (Erinaceomorpha: Erinaceidae), gymnures
- 54. Hyperoodon (Cetacea: Ziphiidae), bottlenose whales
- 55. Ictonyx (Carnivora: Mustelidae), polecats
- 56. Indopacetus pacificus (Cetacea: Ziphiidae), Tropical Bottlenose Whale
- 57. Lagenodelphis hosei (Cetacea: Delphinidae), Fraser's Dolphin
- 58. Lesto delphys halli (Didelphimorphia: Didelphidae), Patagonian Opossum
- 59. Liberiictis kuhni (Carnivora: Herpestidae), Liberian Mongoose
- 60. Limnogale mergulus (Afrosoricida: Tenrecidae), Web-footed Tenrec
- 61. Lutra (Carnivora: Mustelidae), otters
- 62. Lyncodon patagonicus (Carnivora: Mustelidae), Patagonian Weasel
- 63. Macrogalidia musschenbroekii (Carnivora: Viverridae), Sulawesi Palm Civet
- 64. Megasorex gigas (Soricomorpha: Soricidae), Mexican Shrew
- 65. Meles (Carnivora: Mustelidae), badgers
- 66. Melogale (Carnivora: Mustelidae), ferret-badgers
- 67. Mesechinus (Erinaceomorpha: Erinaceidae), hedgehogs

- 68. Micromurexia habbema (Dasyuromorphia: Dasyuridae), Habbema Dasyure
- Microperoryctes (Peramelemorphia: Peramelidae), bandicoots 69.
- 70. Micropotamogale (Afrosoricida: Tenrecidae), otter shrews
- 71. 72. Mogera (Soricomorpha: Talpidae), moles
- Monodon monoceros (Cetacea: Monodontidae), Narwhal
- Murexechinus melanurus (Dasyuromorphia: Dasyuridae), Black-tailed Dasyure 73.
- 74. Murexia longicau data (Dasyuromorphia: Dasyuridae), Short-furred Dasyure
- Mydaus (Carnivora: Mustelidae), stink badgers 75.
- 76. Myoictis (Dasyuromorphia: Dasyuridae), dasyures
- 77. Neamblysomus (Afrosoricida: Chrysochloridae), golden moles
- 78. Neohylomys hainanensis (Erinaceomorpha: Erinaceidae), Hainan Gymnure
- 79. Neophascogale lorentzi (Dasyuromorphia: Dasyuridae), Speckled Dasyure
- Neophoca cinerea (Carnivora: Otariidae), Australian Sea Lion 80.
- 81. Neophocaena phocaenoides (Cetacea: Phocoenidae), Finless Porpoise
- 82 Neotetracus sinensis (Erinaceomorpha: Erinaceidae), Shrew Gymnure
- 83. Nesolagus (Lagomorpha: Leporidae), striped rabbits
- 84. Ninaaui (Dasyuromorphia: Dasyuridae), ningauis
- 85. Notiosorex (Soricomorpha: Soricidae), gray shrews
- 86. Onychogalea (Diprotodontia: Macropodidae), nail-tailed wallabies
- 87 Orcaella brevirostris (Cetacea: Delphinidae), Irrawady Dolphin
- 88. Oryzorictes (Afrosoricida: Tenrecidae), rice tenrecs
- 89. Paracrocidura (Soricomorpha: Soricidae), large-headed shrews
- 90. Paraechinus (Erinceomorpha: Erinaceidae), hedgehogs
- 91. Paramurexia rothschildi (Dasyuromorphia: Dasyuridae), Broad-striped Dasyure
- 92. Parantechinus apicalis (Dasyuromorphia: Dasyuridae), Southern Dibbler
- 93. Parastrellus hesperus (Chiroptera: Vespertilionidae), Western Pipistrelle
- 94. Pentalagus furnessi (Lagomorpha: Leporidae), Amami Rabbit
- 95. Peponocephala electra (Cetacea: Delphinidae), Melon-headed Whale
- Peroryctes (Peramelemorphia: Peramelidae), bandicoots 96.
- 97. Petauroides volans (Diprotodontia: Pseudocheiridae), Greater Glider
- 98. Petropseudes dahli (Diprotodontia: Pseudocheiridae), Rock-haunting Ringtail
- 99. Phascogale (Dasyuromorphia: Dasyuridae), phascogales
- 100. Phascolosorex (Dasyuromorphia: Dasyuridae), marsupial shrews
- 101. Phascomurexia naso (Dasyuromorphia: Dasyuridae), Long-nosed Dasyure
- 102. Phocarctos hookeri (Carnivora: Otariidae), New Zealand Sea Lion
- 103. Podogymnura (Erinaceomorpha: Erinaceidae), gymnures
- 104. Poecilogale albinucha (Carnivora: Mustelidae), African Striped Weasel
- 105. Poelagus marjorita (Lagomorpha: Leporidae), Bunyoro Rabbit
- 106. Poiana (Carnivora: Viverridae), linsangs
- 107. Potamogale velox (Afrosoricida: Tenrecidae), Giant Otter Shrew
- 108. Procolobus verus (Primates: Cercopithecidae), Olive Colobus
- 109. Profelis aurata (Carnivora: Felidae), African Golden Cat
- 110. Pronologus (Lagomorpha: Leporidae), red rock hares
- 111. Pseudantechinus (Dasyuromorphia: Dasyuridae), false antechinuses
- Pseudocheirus peregrinus (Diprotodontia: Pseudocheiridae), Common Ringtail
- 113. Pseudochirulus (Diprotodontia: Pseudocheiridae), ringtails
- 114. Pseudopotto martini (Primates: Lorisidae), False Potto
- 115. Rhynchogale melleri (Carnivora: Herpestidae), Meller's Mongoose
- 116. Rhynchomeles prattorum (Peramelemorphia: Peramelidae), Seram Bandicoot
- 117. Rungwecebus kipunji (Primates: Cercopithecidae), Highland Mangabey
- 118. Ruwenzorisorex suncoides (Soricomorpha: Soricidae), Ruwenzori Shrew
- 119. Salanoia concolor (Carnivora: Eupleridae), Brown-tailed Mongoose or Vontsira



Action Items: None.

# Respectfully submitted,

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